

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2012

LCO No. 4421

SB0039404421SD0

Offered by:

SEN. COLEMAN, 2nd Dist. SEN. MARKLEY, 16th Dist. SEN. MUSTO, 22nd Dist. REP. GIBBONS, 150th Dist. REP. MORRIS, 140th Dist. REP. TERCYAK, 26th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 394

File No. 338

Cal. No. 261

"AN ACT CONCERNING MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY AND THE IDENTIFICATION AND RECOVERY OF ASSETS."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. Section 17b-261 of the 2012 supplement to the general
- 4 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 5 (Effective October 1, 2012):
- 6 (a) Medical assistance shall be provided for any otherwise eligible
- 7 person whose income, including any available support from legally
- 8 liable relatives and the income of the person's spouse or dependent
- 9 child, is not more than one hundred forty-three per cent, pending
- 10 approval of a federal waiver applied for pursuant to subsection (e) of
- 11 this section, of the benefit amount paid to a person with no income
- 12 under the temporary family assistance program in the appropriate
- 13 region of residence and if such person is an institutionalized

14 individual as defined in Section [1917(c)] 1917 of the Social Security 15 Act, 42 USC [1396p(c)] 1396p(h)(3), and has not made an assignment or transfer or other disposition of property for less than fair market value 16 17 for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance 18 under this section. Any such disposition shall be treated in accordance 19 with Section 1917(c) of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396p(c). Any 20 disposition of property made on behalf of an applicant or recipient or 21 the spouse of an applicant or recipient by a guardian, conservator, 22 person authorized to make such disposition pursuant to a power of 23 attorney or other person so authorized by law shall be attributed to 24 such applicant, recipient or spouse. A disposition of property ordered 25 by a court shall be evaluated in accordance with the standards applied 26 to any other such disposition for the purpose of determining eligibility. 27 The commissioner shall establish the standards for eligibility for 28 medical assistance at one hundred forty-three per cent of the benefit 29 amount paid to a family unit of equal size with no income under the 30 temporary family assistance program in the appropriate region of 31 residence. Except as provided in section 17b-277, the medical 32 assistance program shall provide coverage to persons under the age of 33 nineteen with family income up to one hundred eighty-five per cent of 34 the federal poverty level without an asset limit and to persons under 35 the age of nineteen and their parents and needy caretaker relatives, 36 who qualify for coverage under Section 1931 of the Social Security Act, 37 with family income up to one hundred eighty-five per cent of the 38 federal poverty level without an asset limit. Such levels shall be based 39 on the regional differences in such benefit amount, if applicable, unless 40 such levels based on regional differences are not in conformance with 41 federal law. Any income in excess of the applicable amounts shall be 42 applied as may be required by said federal law, and assistance shall be 43 granted for the balance of the cost of authorized medical assistance. 44 The Commissioner of Social Services shall provide applicants for 45 assistance under this section, at the time of application, with a written 46 statement advising them of (1) the effect of an assignment or transfer 47 or other disposition of property on eligibility for benefits or assistance, 48 (2) the effect that having income that exceeds the limits prescribed in

49 this subsection will have with respect to program eligibility, and (3)

- 50 the availability of, and eligibility for, services provided by the
- 51 Nurturing Families Network established pursuant to section 17b-751b.
- 52 Persons who are determined ineligible for assistance pursuant to this
- 53 section shall be provided a written statement notifying such persons of
- 54 their ineligibility and advising such persons of the availability of
- 55 HUSKY Plan, Part B health insurance benefits.
- (b) For the purposes of the Medicaid program, the Commissioner of Social Services shall consider parental income and resources as available to a child under eighteen years of age who is living with his or her parents and is blind or disabled for purposes of the Medicaid program, or to any other child under twenty-one years of age who is living with his or her parents.
 - (c) For the purposes of determining eligibility for the Medicaid program, an available asset is one that is actually available to the applicant or one that the applicant has the legal right, authority or power to obtain or to have applied for the applicant's general or medical support. If the terms of a trust provide for the support of an applicant, the refusal of a trustee to make a distribution from the trust does not render the trust an unavailable asset. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the availability of funds in a trust or similar instrument funded in whole or in part by the applicant or the applicant's spouse shall be determined pursuant to the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, 42 USC 1396p. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a special needs trust, as defined in 42 USC 1396p(d)(4)(A). For purposes of determining whether a beneficiary under a special needs trust, who has not received a disability determination from the Social Security Administration, is disabled, as defined in 42 USC 1382c(a)(3), the Commissioner of Social Services, or the commissioner's designee, shall independently make such determination. The commissioner shall not require such beneficiary to apply for Social Security disability benefits or obtain a disability determination from the Social Security Administration for purposes of determining whether the beneficiary is disabled.

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(d) The transfer of an asset in exchange for other valuable consideration shall be allowable to the extent the value of the other valuable consideration is equal to or greater than the value of the asset transferred.

- (e) The Commissioner of Social Services shall seek a waiver from federal law to permit federal financial participation for Medicaid expenditures for families with incomes of one hundred forty-three per cent of the temporary family assistance program payment standard.
- (f) To the extent permitted by federal law, Medicaid eligibility shall be extended for one year to a family that becomes ineligible for medical assistance under Section 1931 of the Social Security Act due to income from employment by one of its members who is a caretaker relative or due to receipt of child support income. A family receiving extended benefits on July 1, 2005, shall receive the balance of such extended benefits, provided no such family shall receive more than twelve additional months of such benefits.
- (g) An institutionalized spouse applying for Medicaid and having a spouse living in the community shall be required, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to divert income to such community spouse in order to raise the community spouse's income to the level of the minimum monthly needs allowance, as described in Section 1924 of the Social Security Act. Such diversion of income shall occur before the community spouse is allowed to retain assets in excess of the community spouse protected amount described in Section 1924 of the Social Security Act. The Commissioner of Social Services, pursuant to section 17b-10, may implement the provisions of this subsection while in the process of adopting regulations, provided the commissioner prints notice of intent to adopt the regulations in the Connecticut Law Journal within twenty days of adopting such policy. Such policy shall be valid until the time final regulations are effective.
- 113 (h) To the extent permissible by federal law, an institutionalized 114 individual, as defined in Section 1917 of the Social Security Act, 42

115 USC 1396p(h)(3), shall not be determined ineligible for Medicaid solely

- 116 on the basis of the cash value of a life insurance policy worth less than
- 117 ten thousand dollars.

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- 118 [(h)] (i) Medical assistance shall be provided, in accordance with the 119 provisions of subsection (e) of section 17a-6, to any child under the 120 supervision of the Commissioner of Children and Families who is not 121 receiving Medicaid benefits, has not yet qualified for Medicaid benefits 122 or is otherwise ineligible for such benefits. Medical assistance shall also 123 be provided to any child in the voluntary services program operated 124 by the Department of Developmental Services who is not receiving 125 Medicaid benefits, has not yet qualified for Medicaid benefits or is 126 otherwise ineligible for benefits. To the extent practicable, the 127 Commissioner of Children and Families and the Commissioner of 128 Developmental Services shall apply for, or assist such child in
- 130 [(i)] (j) The Commissioner of Social Services shall provide Early and 131 Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment program services, as 132 required and defined as of December 31, 2005, by 42 USC 1396a(a)(43), 133 42 USC 1396d(r) and 42 USC 1396d(a)(4)(B) and applicable federal 134 regulations, to all persons who are under the age of twenty-one and 135 otherwise eligible for medical assistance under this section.

qualifying for, the Medicaid program.

- 136 Sec. 2. Subsection (b) of section 17b-261a of the 2012 supplement to 137 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 138 thereof (Effective October 1, 2012):
- 139 (b) Any transfer or assignment of assets resulting in the 140 establishment or imposition of a penalty period shall create a debt, as defined in section 36a-645, that shall be due and owing by the 142 transferor or transferee to (1) the Department of Social Services in an 143 amount equal to the amount of the medical assistance provided by the 144 department to or on behalf of the transferor on or after the date of the 145 transfer of assets, [but said] or (2) a nursing facility in an amount equal 146 to the unpaid cost of care provided by the facility to the transferor

147 during a penalty period. The amount of the debt established shall not 148 exceed the fair market value of the assets at the time of transfer. The 149 Commissioner of Social Services, the Commissioner of Administrative 150 Services and the Attorney General shall have the power or authority to 151 seek administrative, legal or equitable relief as provided by other 152 statutes or by common law to obtain payment of the debt. If the 153 commissioner determines that assets were wilfully transferred for the purpose of obtaining or maintaining eligibility for medical assistance, 154 155 the commissioner may assess a monetary penalty up to double the 156 amount of debt against the transferor and any transferee who had 157 knowledge of such purpose. The commissioner shall take into account 158 any payments made toward the debt when assessing such penalty. Not 159 later than January 1, 2013, the commissioner shall issue a request for information for debt collection services, on a contingency basis, to 160 161 collect money owed to nursing facilities for debts established pursuant 162 to this subsection. Any money collected shall, after adjustment for administrative costs and costs to pursue the debt, be paid directly to 163 164 the nursing facility to which it is due.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) A nursing facility that has provided services to the transferor of an asset during the penalty period, as described in section 17b-261a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, may bring an action to collect a debt for unreimbursed care against the transferor, any person authorized under law to control the transferor's income or a transferee who had knowledge that the transfer was made for the purpose of obtaining or maintaining eligibility for medical assistance.

(b) If a court of competent jurisdiction determines, based upon a fair preponderance of the evidence, that a defendant incurred a debt to a nursing facility by (1) wilfully transferring assets of a nursing facility resident for the purpose of obtaining or maintaining eligibility for medical assistance, (2) receiving such assets with knowledge of such purpose, or (3) making a material misrepresentation or omission concerning such assets, the court shall award such nursing facility double the amount of actual damages and payment of reasonable

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attorneys' fees and costs. Any court, including a probate court, may also order that such assets or proceeds therefrom be held in constructive trust to satisfy such debt.

- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) For purposes of this section, "applied income" means the amount of a medical assistance recipient's income that the Department of Social Services deems is required to be paid to a health care provider to cover the cost of care and services.
- (b) A nursing facility that is owed money in applied income pursuant to this section may, in addition to any other remedy authorized by law, bring a civil action to recover such debt. If a court of competent jurisdiction determines, based upon a fair preponderance of the evidence, that a defendant wilfully failed to pay or withheld applied income due and owing to a nursing facility for more than ninety days after the due date, the court shall award double the amount of actual damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the nursing facility.
 - (c) A nursing facility shall provide written notice to recipients of medical assistance under Title XIX of the Social Security Act that failure to pay applied income due to a nursing facility not later than ninety days after the due date may result in double civil penalties, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. A nursing facility shall not file any suit under this section until thirty days after it has given such written notice to both the recipient and any person authorized under law to be in control of the applied income of the recipient. The facility may give such notice at any time after the facility begins providing services to the recipient."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	October 1, 2012	17b-261		
Sec. 2	October 1, 2012	17b-261a(b)		
Sec. 3	October 1, 2012	New section		

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Sec. 4	October 1, 2012	New section